St. Andrews Scots Sr. Sec. School<br>9th Avenue, I.P. Extension, Patparganj, Delhi - 110092 Session: 2024-2025

| CLASS- v | SOCIAL SCIENCE | Lesson-2 Latitudes and <br> Longitudes |
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## I- New Words

1. dimensional
2. perpendicular
3. hemisphere
4. parallels
5. Equator
6. meridian
7. originate
8. apparent
9. unique
10. imaginary

## II- Define the following terms

1. hemisphere - one half of a sphere.
2. grid - a network of lines of latitudes and longitudes . 3. axis

- an imaginary line passing through two extreme points on a sphere on which it spins.

4. poles - either of the end points at the top or bottom of the Earth's axis.

## Ill- Fill in the blanks

1. The Equator is the longest parallel.
2. The end points of the axis are called poles.
3. The Equator is the starting point for measuring the latitudes.
4. The meridian that passes through Greenwich is the Prime Meridian .
5. The lines of longitudes are drawn from north to south.

## IV- Answer these questions

Q I -Differentiate between the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern hemisphere .

Ans - The Equator divides the Earth into two equal halves. The northern half is called the
Northern Hemisphere and the Southern half is called the Southern Hemisphere .

Q2- What are lines of latitude? Write their two features .

Ans - A set of circles is drawn on the surface of the globe . These circles run from east to west . They are called parallels or lines of latitude. The two features of lines of latitude are -

1. All lines of latitude are at an equal distance from each other.
2. Lines of latitude neither touch or cross each other .

Q3- Define polar circles .

Ans- The Arctic Circle and the Antarctic Circle are known as polar circles.

Q 4- What are lines of longitude? Write their two features .
Ans- The imaginary lines which run from the North Pole to the South Pole are called longitudes .
The two features of lines of longitude are -

1. All lines of longitude are of the same length
.2. The maximum distance between any two lines of longitude is at the Equator.

Q 5- What do you understand by global address ?
Ans- The point at which the parallel and meridian cross each other is the location of that place. This is called the global address .

## Think and answer

Q- Why does the length of a parallel increases as we move away from the poles towards the equator?

Ans- The Earth is spherical . So, the length of the parallel increases as we move away from the poles towards the equator .

## Activity

Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the important latitudes and longitudes.

